

Cultural Speaking Patterns in The Educational Process

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Abstract. Among the occupations, medical practitioners are thought to be the most sensitive. Because they are in direct contact with people and their life. As a result, these two parties communicate using the channel of speech. At this time, we thought it was appropriate to define terms like "speech culture" and "speech etiquette."

Keywords: occupations, medical practitioners, speech culture and speech etiquette

Introduction

Implementation of spiritual and educational activity is one of the primary paths of construction and growth of the personnel training system. The doctor's practice and contact with the patient are built on the spirituality of the highly enlightened medical practitioner. Without the professional speech culture, the notion of enlightenment and spirituality cannot be imagined. Because all medical staff (doctor, nurse, scientist) must be able to talk accurately, rationally, clearly, effectively, and fluently. Furthermore, mastering literary language norms and applying this knowledge in speech in medical or nursing practice is desirable.

Among the occupations, medical practitioners are thought to be the most sensitive. Because they are in direct contact with people and their life. As a result, these two parties communicate using the channel of speech. At this time, we thought it was appropriate to define terms like "speech culture" and "speech etiquette." The term "culture" is derived from the name of the city of Medina. Turn to page 439 of O'TIL (explanatory dictionary of the Uzbek language) volume 1: CULTURE - being educated, educated, intellectual, enlightened in the development of society, social, and a collection of spiritual achievements.

Let us now recall the essence of the idea of etiquette. This term is, in reality, "adab." According to the cited explanatory literature (Volume 1, page 26), self-control in interacting with others constitutes morality in society and its norms. So, although the speech in question is naturally linked to enlightenment, spirituality, and, of course, medical science, the idea of "decency" is linked to morality, education, and its rules. The term "culture" encompasses ideas such as education, education, intellect, and enlightenment.

To be able to talk simply, clearly, succinctly, and elegantly, efficient use of diverse creative picture tools is required.

Various speech styles are employed during the discourse. Language styles are broadly classified

as follows:

1. Conversation style.
2. Formal working papers style.
3. Scientific method.
4. Journalistic style.
5. Artistic speech (style).

Conversation style. This strategy is used within the context of free trade. It is marked by its informality and linguistic richness. This procedure does not need any specific training. It has no particular mission or charge. Furthermore, the statement does not need to be syntactically complete. Is it freezing outside? (Is it freezing on the street or in the tea?) Listening, tone, logic, and word emphasis are all important in communicating emotions and concepts in this style of speaking.

Harmonization of sounds in speech (assimilation: gedi-gdi): pronunciation of one sound in lieu of another (dissimilation: school-school); sound exchange (metathesis: soil-soil) and other characteristics are typical of the speech style.

The shortening of syllables and words is connected to speaking style. For instance, Mamat and Muhammadjon, Abdurahim and Rahim, and Rahima and Rahi.

Metonymy is frequently used in speech: The crowd is exhausted - The pupils in the audience are exhausted.

Formal working papers style. This style is typical of current Uzbek literary language. It has both administrative and legal authority. The notion is communicated clearly and uniformly in this approach.

Contracts, permits, actions, other official papers, inter-organizational correspondence, legal documents, references, certifications, and so on are all written in an official manner.

Students must be able to fill out and write a variety of official papers, including an application, power of attorney, explanatory letter, report, extract from report, prescription, medical history, and medical record.

While such documents contain clichéd sentences, they are required to be free of any emotion. Dozens of terms and phrases apply to the style of formal business papers. For example: protocol, care, contract, declaration; Notice is hereby given that... we the undersigned... as...

In formal business papers, verbs are used in the passive voice. In particular, the sentence was passed; in the form of a command - let it be executed, like download.

Scientific method - Science, technology, and manufacturing are all examples of linked terms. Articles, monographs, and scientific reports are all written using the scientific method.

The scientific-popular approach is an extension of the scientific method. Its purpose is to disseminate scientific knowledge and information to the general population. Scientific procedure. Each field, of course, has its own set of terminology and idioms. Disease names, medical terminologies, medication names, and so forth are all frequent in medicine.

The scientific process includes distinct features:

1. Objectivity and accuracy of information.
2. Consistency of information, their abundance.
3. Short expression of the idea.
4. Absolute non-participation of speech style and dialect signs.

With the above-mentioned features, it should be noted again that the scientific method is sharply different from other methods. When appropriate, it should be said that scientific works, dissertations, or scientific (popular) articles use the form "we" instead of the personal pronoun "I" due to the modesty

of the author.

Journalistic style It is mostly utilized in the creation of communications, reports, articles, essays, feuilletons, pamphlets, and other documents. This style allows for sensations that are not feasible in the formal or scientific styles. The explanation extends beyond the templates and makes extensive use of creative tools. However, words certainly entail expressions. Life's social and political events are instantly reported in a journalistic way.

Permanent epithets to journalistic style (fair sharing, historical changes, unswerving implementation); somber words and phrases typical of artistic discourse (magnificent structure, wonderful victory).

Artistic speech (style) preserves an aesthetic burden in itself. The author may express himself (individuality) in this approach.

Dialect, archaism, and plain colloquial language define Uzbek literary language.

This beautiful style of speaking reflects the evolution and invention of our language.

So, let's review everything we've learned about speech culture. If the physicians, as real intellectuals, carried out their medical profession with a thorough knowledge of speech cultural abilities, they would have a quick-acting salve for the agony of patients through words.

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